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"Because of the stigma that surrounds mental illness, I didn't get help until it was almost too late. I thought my life was hopeless and not worth going on. But after I got help, I know now that life is very hopeful, and I know what to do to keep myself from ever getting to that dark place again." -Lauren

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Mississippi Suicide Prevention Workgroup Members

DR. MICHAEL ANESTIS

The University of Southern Mississippi

WENDY BAILEY

Mississippi Department of Mental Health, Chief of Staff

DR. JOHN BARTKOWSKI

University of Texas San **Antonio**

CONNIE BOARD

Mississippi Department of Education, Office of Career BRAD MARTIN and Technical Education

KATHY BURK

Mississippi State Department of Health

JACKIE CHATMON

Mississippi Department of Mental Health, Division of Children and Youth

GLENDA CRUMP

Mississippi Public Health Institute

BUDDY HALL

The Jason Foundation

JEFF HOLLAND

Pinelake Church

DR. LAURIF LAWSON

The Clinton Community **Christian Corporation**

TASHA LOCK

Mississippi Department of Health

Mississippi Department of Health

ADAM MOORE

Mississippi Department of Mental Health, Director of Communications

TERESA MOSLEY

Board of Mental Health and Family Representative

JAN DAWSON

Mississippi Public Health Institute



"When studying suicide, we like to look at statistics; however. those statistics don't really make it real. It's real when you love one of the numbers."

~TERESA

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Mississippi Suicide Prevention Workgroup Members

HEATHER NORTON

Clinton Public School District

SANDRA PARKS

Mississippi Department of Mental Health, Division of Children and Youth

MOLLY PORTERA

Mississippi Department of Mental Health, Division of Outreach and Training

CAPT. JOHN POULOUS

Mississippi Department of Public Safety

STEPHANIE RAINES

Pine Grove Behavioral Health

SHERRY SHEFFIELD

The American Foundation for Suicide Prevention

TAMEKA TOBIAS-SMITH

National Alliance on Mental Illness

LAUREN PARKER TOLER

Survivor

KATHY VAN CLEAVE

The MIND Center

LINDA VASQUEZ

DREAM of Hattiesburg

CHANDREA WALKER

Mississippi Department of Education, Secondary Education

DR. ESTELLE WATTS

Mississippi Department of Education, Office of Career and Technical Education

SSG JEAN WHALEY

Mississippi Army National Guard

NENA WILLIAMS

Region 8 Mental Health Services

VICKI WINSLETT

Mississippi Alliance to End Suicide

INTRODUCTION

The Mississippi Suicide Prevention Workgroup was formed in April 2016 to finalize the state's efforts in developing a formal plan to help end a public health issue that affects people of all ages, races, and genders-suicide. Though strides have been made in developing awareness and increasing knowledge about suicide in recent years, there is still significant progress to be made. In 2017, 447 Mississippians, including 55 under the age of 25 years old, took their own lives- this is more than 1 person a day. Suicide is now the third leading cause of death among adolescents and young adults age 10 to 24 years of age in Mississippi. Unfortunately, adults are not immune to suicide with more than 54% of suicide deaths occurring for people between the ages of 25 and 54 years of age. No matter the age, any person who feels the need to take his or her own life is one too many.

Professionals in the fields of mental health, education, strategic planning and more began meeting as a work group in 2016 with the goal of establishing a formal statewide plan to reduce suicide deaths in Mississippi. That work has continued throughout the last three years, and the work group will move forward with updated and new initiatives presented in this plan. The Assessment portion of the plan gathers data that addresses demographic information about our state and trends that have occurred over the years in the mental health field. The Goals and Objectives are data-driven targets that point to the progress we hope to make with this plan. Since the inception of the Suicide Prevention Plan in 2016, the work group has released yearly progress reports which outline the status and accomplishments of the goals from the first plan. These are available for review at dmh.ms.gov.

This plan is here to make sure people are aware of the risk factors, warning signs, and resources available to bring help to those who need it. Thank you to everyone who contributed to this plan.

RISK FACTORS & WARNING SIGNS

RISK FACTORS FOR SUICIDE

A combination of individual, relational, community, and societal factors are those characteristics associated with suicide. They might not be direct causes.

RISK FACTORS

- Family history of suicide
- Family history of child maltreatment
- Previous suicide attempt(s)
- History of mental illness, particularly clinical depression
- Feelings of hopelessness
- Impulsive or aggressive tendencies
- Local epidemics of suicide
- Isolation, a feeling of being cut off from other people
- Barriers to accessing mental health treatment
- Loss (relational, social, work, or financial)
- Physical illness
- Easy access to lethal means
- Unwillingness to seek help because of the stigma attached to mental health and substance abuse disorders and suicidal thoughts

PROTECTIVE FACTORS FOR SUICIDE

Protective factors buffer individuals from suicidal thoughts and behavior. To date, protective factors have not been studied as extensively or rigorously as risk factors. Identifying and understanding protective factors are, however, equally as important as researching risk factors.

PROTECTIVE FACTORS

- Effective clinical care for mental, physical, and substance abuse disorders
- Easy access to a variety of clinical interventions and support for help seeking
- Family and community support (connectedness)
- Support from ongoing medical and mental health care relationships
- Skills in problem solving, conflict resolution, and nonviolent ways of handling disputes
- Cultural and religious beliefs that discourage suicide and support instincts for self-preservation

RISK FACTORS & WARNING SIGNS

SUICIDE WARNING SIGNS

TALK

If a person talks about:

- Being a burden to others
- Feeling trapped
- Experiencing unbearable pain
- Having no reason to live
- Killing themselves

MOOD

People who are considering suicide often display one or more of the following moods:

- Depression
- Loss of interest
- Rage

- Irritability
- Humiliation
- Anxiety

BEHAVIOR

Specific things to look out for include:

- Increased use of alcohol or drugs
- Looking for a way to kill themselves, such as:
- Searching online for materials or means
- Acting recklessly
- Withdrawing from activities

- Isolating from family and friends
- Sleeping too much or too little
- Visiting or calling people to say goodbye
- Giving away prized possessions
- Aggression

> State Population

Mississippi has the 32nd largest population among US states and territories. Mississippi's population increased from 2,844,658 in 2000 to 2,968,103 in 2010 and was estimated at 2,986,530 in 2018¹. July 2018 estimates report 23.9% of the Mississippi population is under 18 years old and 15.5% are age 65 or older, leaving 60.6% between the ages of 18 and 65 years¹.

Females account for 51.5% of Mississippi's population and males account for 48.5%. Approximately 56.7% of Mississippi's population is non-Hispanic white, and 37.8% is African American, with the latter as the highest proportion of any state. Mississippi has one federally recognized tribe, the Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians with approximately 10,000 members². Only 3.9% of Mississippians speak languages other than English at home.

There are 82 counties and 297 incorporated cities, towns and villages in the state with 51% of residents living in designated rural areas. Rural living magnifies the documented negative impact that poverty, lack of education and insufficient healthcare resources has on the prevention and treatment of substance use and mental health disorders.

> American Human Development Project

Mississippi has the second lowest state ranking on the Human Development (HD) Index, a numerical measure of health, education, and income indicators. On a scale of 0-10 (0 = lowest development), Mississippi's current HD Index of 4.05 is developmentally lower than the United States' score of 5.21 and even below the US total score of 4.89 for 2005³.

- Mississippi has the lowest Health Index rating of 3.69 compared to 5.57 for the country. This statistic explains in part that **Mississippi's has the lowest life expectancy of any state at 74.8 years** compared to a national rate of 79.3 years.
- Mississippi years has the lowest average per capita income (\$28,149 in 2018) and the highest poverty rate with a an estimated 22.0% of the state's population living in poverty compared to a national estimate of 14.7%³.

Child Well-being Indicators Statistics Annie E. Casey Foundation's 2018 KIDS COUNT5

	U.S. Stats	MS Stats	Change from previous report	
% of children in poverty (2016)	19%	30%	Better	
Teen births per 100,000 (2016)	20%	33%	Better	
Child and Teen deaths per 100,000 (2016)	26%	40%	Worse	
% of children in single-parent families (2016)	35%	45%	Better	
% of teens not attending school and not working (Ages 16-19) (2016)	7%	9%	Better	
% of highschool students not graduating on time (2015-16)	16%	18%	Better	
Overall child well-being state rank	48%	Better		
Economic well-being state rank	48%	Better		
Education well-being state rank	44%	Better		
Health well-being state rank	47%	Better		
Family & Community well-being state rank	50%	Unchanged		

Adult Well-being Indicators University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute County Health Rankings 2018

	U.S. Stats	MS Stats
Premature Death (Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population)	6,900	10,400
Poor or fair health (Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health)	16%	22%
Poor physical health days (Average # of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days)	3.7%	4.4%
Poor mental health days (Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days)	3.8%	4.4%
Uninsured (% of population under age 65 without health insurance)	10%	14%
Sexually transmitted infections (# of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases per 100,000 population)	497.3	672.1
Unemployment (% of population aged 16 and older unemployed but seeking work)	4.4%	5.1%
Violent crime (# of reported violent crime offenses per 100,000 population)	386	279
Severe housing problems (% of households with overcrowding, high housing costs, or lack of plumbing facilities)	18%	16%

Number of deaths by suicide in Mississippi counties

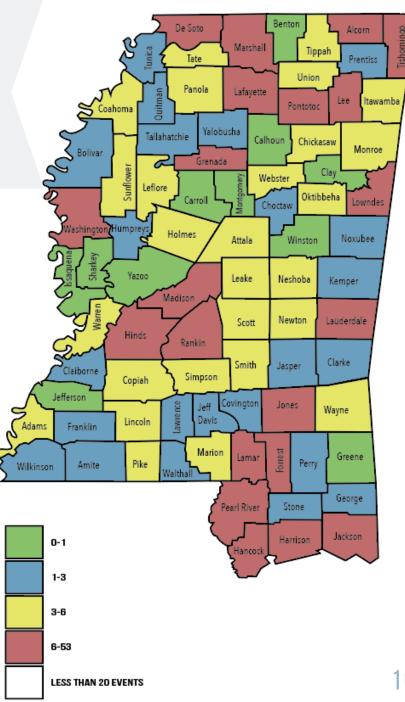
SUICIDE STATISTICS

-Suicide is the 12th leading cause of death in Mississippi. In 2017, 47,173 Americans died by suicide in the United States. 447 of those were Mississippians.

-Three times as many people died by suicide in Mississippi in 2017 than in alcohol related motor vehicle accidents⁴.



"Suicide has no prejudices. It occurs in all ages, races, sexes, sexual orientations, and in all socioeconomic situations. It is a devastating act. Unless you are a suicide survivor, you have no idea how someone else feels." - Teresa



Mississippi
is
ranked
31
states
us states
for per capita
suicide death

rate for

2017⁵.

Rank	STATE	RATE	DEATHS	Rank	STATE	RATE	DEATHS
1	MT	28.9	311	26	SC	16.3	838
2	AK	27	200	27	WI	15.4	926
3	WY	26.9	157	28	HI	15.2	227
4	NM	23.3	491	29	LA	15.2	720
5	ID	23.2	392	30	IA	15	479
6	UT	22.7	663	31	MS	15	447
7	SD	22.5	191	32	PA	15	2,030
8	wv	21.1	393	33	ОН	14.8	1,740
9	AR	20.8	631	34	NE	14.7	275
10	СО	20.3	1,181	35	NC	14.3	1,521
11	NV	20.3	627	36	MI	14.1	1,457
12	ND	20.1	154	37	FL	14	3,227
13	KS	19.1	553	38	MN	13.8	783
14	ОК	19.1	756	39	GA	13.6	1,451
15	OR	19	825	40	TX	13.4	3,778
16	ME	18.9	274	41	VA	13.4	1,179
17	NH	18.9	265	42	RI	11.8	129
18	МО	18.5	1,151	43	DE	11.6	112
19	VT	18.3	1,151	44	IL	11.2	1,474
20	AZ	18.2	1,327	45	CA	10.5	4,312
21	KY	16.9	770	46	СТ	10.5	405
22	WA	16.9	1,297	47	MD	9.8	630
23	TN	16.8	1,166	48	MA	9.5	682
24	AL	16.6	836	49	NJ	8.3	795
25	IN	16.3	1,092	50	NY	8.1	1,696

In 2017, there were 447 suicide deaths in Mississippi. Of those suicides, 80% were by males, 54% were persons between 25-54 years of age, and 66% involve firearms.

YOUTH

Suicide is the 3rd leading cause of death in Mississippi teens with 516 deaths between 2008-2017.

In 2017, 62 Mississippians under the age of 25 died by suicide, which represents 14% of all suicide deaths in the state. Of those, 56% involved firearms and 40% involved hanging, strangulation, or suffocation⁶.

ADULTS

Suicide is the 4th leading cause of death for Mississippians ages 25-34. and the 5th leading cause of death for ages 35-44⁶.

In 2017, 299 Mississippians between the ages of 25-64 died by suicide which represents 67% of all suicide deaths in the state. Of those, 62% involved firearms, 22% involved hanging, strangulation, or suffocation, and 12% involved poisoning.

OLDER ADULTS

In 2017, 86 people age 65 and older in Mississippi died by suicide which represents 19% of all suicide deaths.

Of those, 92% involved firearms and 3% involved hanging, strangulation, or suffocation.

MILITARY

From 2006-2016, there were 680 active duty military personnel in Mississippi who died by suicide⁷.

In 2016, the national rate of suicide (per 100,000) by branch was reported as follows: Navy (15%), Air Force (19%), Marine (21%), and Army (26%)⁷.

STRATEGIC GOALS & OBJECTIVES

GOAL 1

Engage and empower Mississippians to help prevent suicide by increasing awareness of suicide as a public health crisis and knowledge of prevention efforts

STRATEGY 1.1

Increase the number of people trained to provide Shatter the Silence presentations in Mississippi by hosting train-the-trainer sessions

STRATEGY 1.2

Increase the number of professional and community organizations that receive suicide prevention knowledge in their organizational cultures by promoting help-seeking behaviors, mental wellness, resiliency, and training in identification of and referral to treatment with emphasis on high-risk populations such as the military, law enforcement and first responders, older adults, correctional settings, and youth

STRATEGY 1.3

Encourage faith-based groups to include suicide prevention as a topic of discussion

STRATEGY 1.4

Increase awareness about reducing access to lethal means

STRATEGY 1.5

Increase the number of legislative, licensing, certification and/or training measures that incorporate mandatory suicide prevention activities

STRATEGY 1.6

Increase awareness about safe and responsible suicide reporting and messaging within schools of journalism and mass communication outlets in the state

STRATEGY 1.7

Increase awareness of postpartum depression and suicidal ideation

STRATEGIC GOALS & OBJECTIVES

GOAL 2

Promote identification, intervention, and care for people at risk for suicide utilizing evidence-based and best practices to improve clinical and community prevention services

STRATEGY 2.1

Increase the number of Mississippians trained in evidence-based or best practice gatekeeper trainings designed to teach participants to recognize risk and protective factors and warning signs of suicide and how to assist someone seek help for suicidal ideation

STRATEGY 2.2

Support DMH Certified Peer Support Specialists in obtaining at a minimum three hours of continuing education credits in suicide prevention for certification renewal

STRATEGY 2.3

Develop a standardized Memorandum of Understanding to be utilized by DMH certified providers and mental health facilities in providing mental health services to local school districts to include standardized screening and referral protocols and procedures

STRATEGY 2.4

Provide online training for appropriate school personnel to conduct initial behavioral health screenings of students experiencing or exhibiting behavioral stress or at risk of harming themselves or others

STRATEGY 2.5

Support primary care providers with integration of suicide-risk screening and follow up contacts into existing care coordination models

STRATEGY 2.6

Explore creation of a central repository of contact information and standard protocols for DMH programs and DMH-certified providers' crisis staff to initiate follow-up calls to persons post-discharge from inpatient/residential facility and/or who previously attempted suicide and/or drug overdose

STRATEGY 2.7

Host an interactive training targeted to master's level and licensed mental health clinicians who provide counseling and/or assessment in a variety of settings highlighting the importance of suicide risk assessment and demonstrate ways clinicians can recognize, assess, and intervene when working with at-risk clients

STRATEGIC GOALS & OBJECTIVES

GOAL 3

Develop postvention services to care and support individuals affected by suicide deaths and attempts to promote healing and implement community strategies to help prevent further suicides

STRATEGY 3.1

Develop sustainable funding sources for implementing and evaluation of suicide prevention, intervention, and crisis response/aftercare programs in Mississippi to save more lives

STRATEGY 3.2

Adopt treatment guidelines for effective comprehensive support for people affected by suicide and promote throughout the state

STRATEGY 3.3

Involve suicide attempt survivors and loss survivors in suicide prevention planning including the development of protocols for suicide attempt/loss provider support groups

STRATEGY 3.4

Adopt policies and procedures for organizations and communities to respond effectively to suicides and suicide contagion within their communities and support implementation of these policies with education, training, and consultation



"I have learned to keep a close watch on my own feelings of depression, talk to others, and take measures to not get consumed. I know today that suicide is a permanent solution to a temporary problem." -Amy

CURRENT PROGRAMS, PARTNERSHIPS, & ACTIVITIES

HOUSE BILL 263

In 2017, House Bill 263 was passed requiring all school district staff to receive two (2) hours of suicide prevention training during the 2017-2018 school year, and new school district staff thereafter. The Mississippi Department of Mental Health and Mississippi Department of Education worked closely with a focus group comprised of school and mental health professionals, parents, and teachers to review and select the most appropriate training curriculum. As of June 30, 2019, more than 65,000 staff have been trained.



NATIONAL SUICIDE PREVENTION LIFELINE



The Mississippi Department of Mental Health was approached by the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline in 2008 to become a network provider due to the fact that only seven counties in Mississippi were being covered by a provider in Mississippi. Before DMH was selected as a network provider, calls from other counties were sent to call centers in other states. Coverage is provided 24/7 to individuals in need of crisis support or emergency care. To reach the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, call 1-800-273-8255.

MOBILE CRISIS RESPONSE TEAMS

Mobile Crisis Response Teams provide community-based crisis services that deliver solution-focused and recovery-oriented behavioral health assessments and stabilization of crisis in the location where the individual is experiencing the crisis. Mobile Crisis Response Teams work hand-in-hand with local law enforcement, Chancery Judges and Clerks, and Crisis Stabilization Units to ensure a seamless process. The teams ensure an individual has a follow-up appointment with their preferred provider and monitor the individual until the appointment takes place.



Mobile Crisis Response Teams are coordinated through the local Community Mental Health Centers. To find out more about Mobile Crisis Response Teams, visit dmh.ms.gov or call the DMH Helpline at 1-877-210-8513.

CURRENT PROGRAMS, PARTNERSHIPS, & ACTIVITIES

YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH FIRST AID

During the summer of 2018, the Department of Mental Health hosted Youth Mental Health First Aid (YMHFA) for 260 Mississippi educators. YMHFA is a training that teaches participants knowledge about common mental health problems that youth face and how to recognize that a youth may be at risk for developing a mental health or substance use problem. In September 2018, DMH was awarded a three-year Mental Health Awareness Training (MHAT) grant from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) to train educators, parents and caregivers, and school resource officers in YMHFA. DMH plans to train a total of 450 school resource officers and 1,800 educators as well as hold nine parent/caregiver trainings throughout the course of the grant.



NATIONAL GUARD OPERATION RESILIENCY & YELLOW RIBBON EVENTS



In 2019, the Mississippi Department of Mental Health developed a military version of the Shatter the Silence presentation and was asked to be a part of recurring National Guard Yellow Ribbon events held across the state to welcome returning military and their families. Yellow Ribbon events provide military families with information about local resources to assist with transitioning back into their communities from deployment.

FAITH-BASED INITIATIVE

In 2019, in partnership with Pinelake Church, DMH created two faith-based Shatter the Silence presentations for adults and youth with language and graphics appropriate for small groups and Sunday school sessions. The presentations are designed in 10-minute modules that can be delivered at the start of normally-scheduled groups sessions. In August 2019, church pastoral ministers will be trained to deliver the material so Shatter the Silence can be shared among the Pinelake campuses and introduced in other church communities statewide.



CURRENT PROGRAMS, PARTNERSHIPS, & ACTIVITIES

MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

In 2018, DMH developed a partnership with the DPS to address the national trend of more law enforcement officers dying by suicide than in the line of duty. A representative from DPS was added to the state's Suicide Prevention Workgroup and a formal Shatter the Silence presentation was developed specifically for the Mississippi Highway Patrol (MHP). This presentation was delivered to cadet class 62 upon their annual reunion meeting in March 2019, and to cadet class 63 prior to trooper school graduation in May 2019. Shatter the Silence will be incorporated into every trooper school going forward and current officer training will continue with MHP officers disseminating the information within all nine of their patrol districts.



In addition, DMH had the opportunity to provide suicide prevention information to the MS Retired Troopers Association in January 2019. A partnership was formed and DMH was invited to create a website landing page specifically for mental health and suicide prevention messaging. This website page was launched in March 2019 and DMH staff will be presenting Shatter the Silence at the annual MS Retired Troopers event September 19, 2019.



REDUCING ACCESS TO LETHAL MEANS CAMPAIGN

In March 2019, info cards with statistics, risk factors and warnings signs to promote gun safety to reduce suicides were developed. In partnership with the Department of Public Safety, the cards will be distributed throughout nine MS Highway Patrol (MHP) districts and given to persons who visit MHP offices to apply for gun permits and firearm instructor applications, of which approximately 9,000 are given each year.

CURRENT PROGRAMS, PARTNERSHIPS, & ACTIVITIES

SHATTER THE SILENCE

In early 2019, DMH developed several versions of the Shatter the Silence presentation to target specific groups including: youth, adults, older adults, law enforcement, military, faith-based, and correctional officers. The presentation provides information on mental health awareness, risk factors and warning signs associated with suicide, and how to help a person who is thinking about suicide.



In the fall of 2019, DMH will hold a train-the-trainer session to train the Community Mental Health Center Co-occurring Disorder Specialists to present Shatter the Silence. The Co-occurring Disorder Specialists will be available to promote the Shatter the Silence campaign throughout their respective catchment areas to all target audiences including schools, churches, MS Department of Corrections, National Guard Yellow Ribbon events, local law enforcement (including Crisis Intervention Teams), and local community organizations.





For more information about any of the activities highlighted, call the Mississippi Department of Mental Health at 601-359-1288 or visit our website at dmh.ms.gov

I Got You! Healthy Life Choices for Teens (IGU) is a health outreach program developed by Central Mississippi Residential Center in partnership with area schools, local law enforcement, Mississippi State University Extension Service, Care Lodge Domestic Violence Shelter, the Department of Mental Health and Attorney General's Office in Mississippi. The National Registry of Evidenced-based Programs and Practices has given IGU an evidence rating of "promising," meaning that evaluation data has produced sufficient evidence of a favorable effect.

I Got You! teaches students how to better cope with challenging situations, why it is important to seek help, and what resources are available. Schools that have participated in IGU have observed an improvement in academic performance and an increase in coping skills as well as a decrease in office-related referrals. For more information about I Got You! Healthy Life Choices for Teens, contact Central Mississippi Residential Center at 601-683-4210.

CALL TO ACTION



What can you do?

Remain aware of suicide warning signs, and don't hesitate to recommend mental health services to a family, friend, or colleague who exhibits them.

Resist efforts to stigmatize mental health conditions and suicide. You wouldn't hesitate to seek help for a physical health problem, and you shouldn't hesitate to seek help for a mental health problem either.

Consider resources in your community that could be enlisted in suicide prevention. These can include faith communities. workplaces, schools, parentteacher associations, clinics, local support groups, and other community organizations.

If you have been trained in suicide prevention, spread the word about the value of such training.

If you haven't been trained in suicide prevention, contact the Mississippi Department of Mental Health to learn about training options available in your area.

If you or someone you know needs help, call the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline at 1-800-273-8255.

You can also call the Mississippi Department of Mental Health to find resources available in your community at 1-877-210-8513.

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Supporting a Better Tomorrow...One Person at a Time

For more information, call the DMH Helpline at 1-877-210-8513